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> Transbaltic Seminar, 11 May 2010, Sopot, Poland

Issues to be covered

- TEN-T co-financing for MoS
- Eligible MoS actions
- Specific elements of MoS proposals
- Project evaluation
- Future of MoS

TEN-T co-financing for MoS in 2010

- 20% for infrastructure works and facilities (implementation projects), 30% for crossborder sections
- 50% for pilot actions

TEN-TEA

- 50% for studies or study parts of projects
- 30% for start-up aid i.e. depreciation of capital costs

Combining rates within the same project possible

Cumulating with other EU co-financing instruments for the same part of action not possible

Implementation projects 1/4

- Priority in selection exercise
- Two types:
 - maritime link based projects
 - wider benefit projects

Maritime link based projects

Objective: establishment of MoS projects along main freight transport corridors, based on new maritime links or improvement of the existing ones



Implementation projects 2/4

- Intermodality a key principle (involvement of two ports from two Member States, a maritime operator and hinterland transport operators)
- Broader consortia involving terminal operators, logistics companies or ship brokers expected
- Investment in infrastructure to overcome or prevent bottlenecks
- Involvement of shipping companies and other transport operators demonstrated through direct participation in the project as beneficiary or through letters of support (letters of intent)



Implementation projects 3/4

- Services focused predominantly on freight transport
- Efficiency of MoS services based on modal shift calculations till 2025 and reduction of external costs
- The transport (maritime) service must be achieved at the latest 6 months before the end of the project – otherwise the EU financial aid will be reduced to 10%
- Viability of transport service substantiated through detailed market analyses of freight flows and business plans
- Competition analysis of the project impact on other transport services and ports in the same or nearby regions



Implementation projects 4/4

- Integration of IT systems or application of single window concept expected
- Project impact to be monitored and reported during and after its implementation
- Study or pilot action parts preparing the concrete implementation phases can be incorporated
- Pre-selection through regional joint calls for proposals organised by Member States compulsory

Wider benefit projects

Implementation actions for IT systems, tracking and tracing systems, environmental issues, icebreaking etc.



What can TEN-T fund within implementation projects?

- high water protection devices (dikes, breakwaters, locks)
- lights, buoys, beacons; ramps, jetties, signposting
- infrastructure and facilities up to the terminal site (for temporary storage of loading units, facilities for drivers, facilities for shore side electricity, waste treatment facilities, terminal handling equipment...)
- land and sea access to port, including connecting links to the TEN-T or national land transport networks
- administration and customs facilities (VTMIS, reporting and information exchange systems, administrative simplification)
- waterways and canals to shorten sea routes



Examples of currently funded MoS implementation projects



Pilot actions

 Objective to deploy new and innovative concepts and technologies in pre-implementation phase

Examples:

- reduction of administrative burden by implementation of IT information exchange/reporting systems or single windows for MoS services;
- integrated IT systems for cargo tracking and tracing within the whole MoS chain;
- validation of the operational benefits of new ro-ro ship prototypes or of innovative, environmentally friendly ship propulsions/engines for MoS services;
- innovative logistics concepts accelerating intermodal operations in terminals;
- test operations for door-to-door MoS services involving at least maritime operator, two ports in two different Members States and rail or inland navigation operator (see PORTMOS project on MoS Helpdesk website as example)



Studies

- Must address regional or European issues of wider benefits for MoS
- Could include preparatory phases of implementation projects
- Minimum subsidy 1 million euros



Start-up aid

- 30% of two years of depreciation of eligible capital costs e.g.
- terminal equipment
- fixed or semi-mobile equipment (e.g. cranes or ramps)
- locomotives, ships or vessel equipment allocated to MoS service or adjustment of vessels for the purpose of MoS



MoS budget in 2010

- Budget allocation for MoS in 2010: € 85 M
- Pilot actions have an <u>indicative</u> limit of 30% of the overall budget
- Studies have a limit of 20% of the overall budget



Eligibility

- All type of projects must be submitted jointly by at least two Member States
- Project extension to a neighbouring non-EU country requires additional governmental endorsement from that country
- Project part extended to non-EU country not eligible for TEN-T co-financing
- Eligibility period for actions: 1 January 2010 till
 31 December 2013

Project Evaluation

- External evaluation by independent experts, organised by TEN-T EA
- Final selection by the European Commission

 Four blocks of evaluation criteria: relevance, maturity, impact, quality



MoS 2010 - key expectations (1)

- Focus on intermodality and logistic chain integration
 - Don't forget about hinterland part and bottlenecks the port to port link is not enough!
 - Describe services, also existing ones and future upgrades
- Freight flows justifying the link must be demonstrated
- Market, competition, cost/benefit analyses indispensable to demonstrate that the link has/can gain a fair market share and demonstrating that it realistically becomes profitable for operators
- Holistic approach bringing relevant actors together
- Appropriate participation of transport operators (covering the maritime link) and ports are required. Involvement of other stakeholders expected as appropriate (e.g. infrastructure owners/managers, hinterland transport service providers)

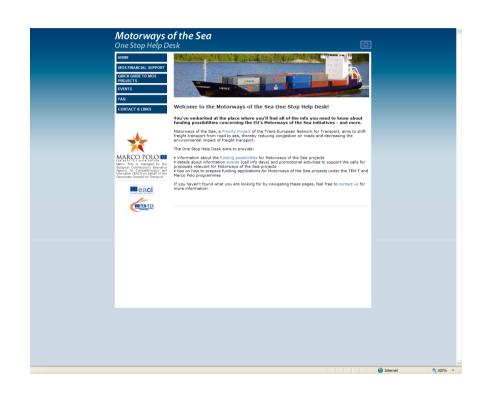
MoS 2010 - key expectations (2)

- Information should be provided in detail, preferably with supporting documents and quoted sources for figures
- Exploit TEN-T and consider combining with Marco Polo (and possibly other instruments)
- Clear project organization structures with allocation of tasks and responsibilities
- Environmental situation well described. Possible certificates obtained and provided.
- Active involvement of MS early in the process



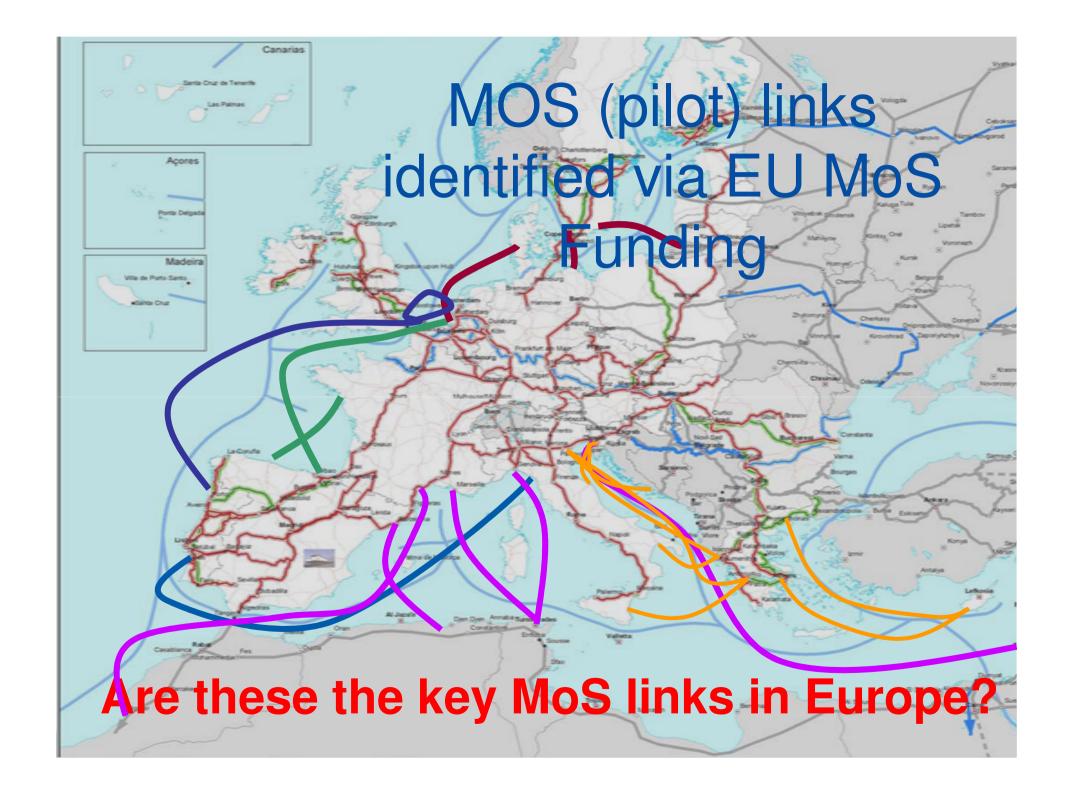
MoS information dissemination

MoS One Stop Help Desk: open for business!



www.mos-helpdesk.eu





A few obvious conclusions...

- Strong support for Motorways of the Sea but... implementation stays behind
- Fragmentation of support instruments: synergies do not work out
- Studies/Master plans do not always lead to concrete implementation
- Increasing problem of distortion of competition

TEN-T E

Current bottom-up approach fails to recognise succesful private sector MoS services

Unique window of opportunity

- Revision of TEN-T
- Revision of Marco Polo
- Revision of MoS policy

TEN-T EA

will be carried out simultanuously and in an interconnected way

Opportunities (1)?

MOS: broadening the scope?

- MoS for passengers?
- Subways of the Sea (pipelines?)
- National MoS?
- MoS for bulk cargo?



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MOS: broadening the scope?

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MoS for passengers?MoS for bulk cargo?
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Opportunities (2)?

MOS definition

- Make MoS more market-driven?
- Single MoS concept with clear criteria?
- Link MoS to the core TEN-T land network?
- Need for a separate « geographical » and « conceptual » MoS pillar?
- Apply the TEN-T methodogy for the geographical core network to identify MOS links?
- Continue the bottom-up approach?
- Top-down only definition based upon market reality?
- Top-down plus bottom up?



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conceptual » MoS pillar?

Opportunities (3)?

MOS funding

- Refocus the funding priorities for MoS?
 - ➤ Away from the sea to the (hinter)land?
 - >From hard to soft(smart) infrastructure?
 - > From increasing the offer to increasing demand?
 - From modal shift to decreasing external costs?
- Overcome funding fragmentation
 - ➤ 1 application for funding for 1 MoS project?
 - ➤ 1 single fund (for all actions (infrastructure, equipment, studies, services, pilot actions...)?
- Special regime for state aid?
- EIB involvement?

Opportunities (4)?

MOS Monitoring

- Quantitative targets?
 - >market penetration,
 - >efficiency gains,
 - >safety and security,
 - ➤ social conditions,
 - >connectivity with the EU's neighbours,
 - > easiness of use,
 - > environmental efficiency
 - carbon footprint
- Monitoring the MoS network?



Opportunities (4)?

MOS Monitoring

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- Monitoring the MoS network?



Mos Policy Review: next steps

- TEN-T, Marco Polo, MoS policy evaluation and impact assessment: ongoing
- Commission working paper on TEN-T policy review (consultation document) (May 2010)
- European Maritime day Gijón (19-21 May 2010)
- Saragossa Conference (8-9 June 2010)
- MoS Conference (September 2010 ?)
- Marco Polo Stakeholder Conference (tbd)
- New Transport Policy White Paper (end of 2010)
- Commission proposal on TEN-T Guidelines (Spring 2011)
- Commission document on Motorways of the Sea?
 Commission proposal on Marco Polo (mid 2011)

Thank you!

For further information:

http://ec.europa.eu/transport/index_en.html

