



ds an integrated transport system in the Baltic Sea Region

Structure analysis of merchandise trade between Poland and Scandinavia

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Towards an integrated transport system in the Baltic Sea Region









SC meeting, Kittilä, 6-7 May 2010

Leszek Andrzejewski

Regarding merchandise turnover Sweden is Polands 12th partner in the world and 10th in the EU with the export share of 2.7% and the import share of 1.83%. In recent years Polands merchandise turnover with Sweden has been dynamically increasing. Since 1998 it has doubled.

Polands share in Swedens turnover was also significant. In 2009, Poland ranked 13th among the receipients of Swedish goods and 12th among countries which export goods to the Swedish market (this is a drop by one-position compared to 2008). Polands share in Swedens export and import equalled 2.5% and 3% respectively.







What is important in merchandise trade between Poland and Scandinavia is

Transport vulnerability* - defined as cargo properties, shaping its resistance to transport conditions, duration and effects at all stages of the transport process:

- fransportation stage (transportation vulnerability),
- foading stage (loading vulnerability),
- storage stage (storage vulnerability).

It is also the extent of resistance to transport conditions and effects.

*Source:

A. Pogonowska-Szuszkiewicz, Leksykon poj ekonomicznych stosowanych w polskim transporcie kolejowym [*Lexicon of economic terms used in Polish rail transport*]. OBET, Warsaw 1994, p.150. W. Grzywacz, J. Burnewicz, Ekonomika transportu [*Transport economics*]. WKiý, Warsaw 1989, p. 204-206.

S. Krawczyk, Zarz dzanie procesami logistycznymi [Logistic processes management]. PWE, Warsaw 2001, p. 281.





Within the structure of merchandise trade between Poland and Sweden electromechanical industry products play the key role (export . approx. 52%, import . approx. 48% in 2009). Main products from the group exported to this market are: vehicles, spare parts and accessories, TV reception equipment and its parts, insulated wire, parts for lifting, relocating, loading and unloading devices and rolling bearings.

Metallurgical products, chemical products, wood-and-paper industry products and mineral products constitute a large share in this trade. Furniture and wood products (panels, plywood etc.) are an important group of goods exported to Sweden. Together they currently comprise approx. 16% of exports.







Merchandise trade with Poland (in million EUR)

	2006	2007	Dynamics 2006=100	2008	Dynamics 2007=100	2009*	<i>Dynamics</i> 2008=100
Turnover	5 046.0	5 843.3	115.8	6 433.0	109.5	4517.5	68.0
Export	2 821.8	3 228.7	114.4	3 643.2	113.8	2596.5	70.4
Import	2 224.2	2 614.6	117.6	2 789.8	104.3	1921.1	65.2
Balance	597.7	614.1		853.4		675.4	

Source: GUS, * MG estimated data







Towards the end of 2008 there was a large decrease in the turnover between the two countries. The negative trend persisted throughout the beginning of 2009. in the first quarter the decrease equalled approximately 30% compared to the same period in 2008. Towards the end of 2009 there was a slight rise in exports from Poland and a further decrease in imports from Sweden.

At the beginning of 2009 there was a considerable increase of agricultural product share in the turnover between Poland and Sweded (export share rose from 4% up to 6% while import. from 3% up to 10%).







Investment-capital cooperation

According to the data of the National Bank of Poland (NBP) by the end of 2008 Sweden had invested EUR 5 276 million in the form of foreign direct investmets in Poland. Sweden is the 6th largest investor in Poland (right after the Netherlands, Germany, France, Luxemburg and the USA). Its share in foreign direct investments equals approximately 4.56 %.

According to Swedish sources approximately 900 Swedish companies run their business activities in Poland. The biggest Swedish direct investors in Poland are: Vattenfall AB, IKEA, Telia AB, Nordea Bank Sweden AB, Skanska Kraft AB, Arctic Paper AB, Svenska Handelbanken, Volvo AB, Swepol Link AB, NCC AB, Trelleborg AB, Skandinavska Enskilda Banken AB (SEB), Alcro-Beckers AB, SKF and Sansvik.







EXPORT TO POLAND

SWEDEN

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	% change 2009/2008
	2003	2000	2007	2000	2003	2003/2000
SWEDENES EXPORT (SEK 1000)	16 963 706	21 849 855	27 208 147	29 541 949	24 632 590	-17
Share in all SWEDISH export s (%)	1.76	2.04	2.42	2.5	2.51	
Foodstuffs	4 440 554	4 002 000	4 050 420	2 020 227	2 700 472	20
Foodstuffs	1 448 551	1 993 866	1 959 420	2 939 227	3 708 172	26
Raw materials, fuels	1 533 870	2 363 579	4 064 144	4 065 420	2 836 022	-30
Chemical products	1 982 993	2 290 255	2 579 775	2 875 962	2 806 686	-2
Engineering products	6 453 339	8 246 850	10 310 559	11 426 038	8 166 818	-29
Semi-finished products	4 862 326	6 192 740	6 879 618	6 991 467	5 819 670	









IMPORT FROM POLAND

SWEDEN

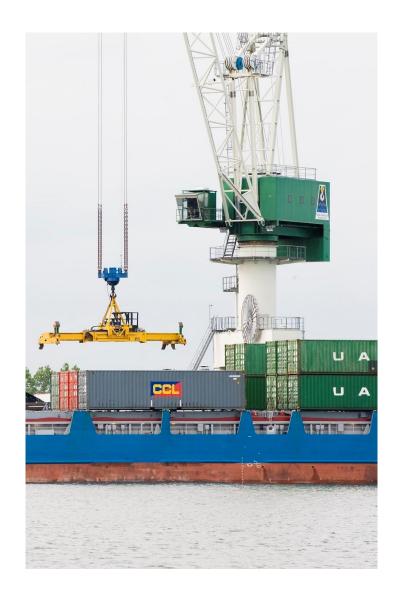
SWEDENES IMPORT (SEK 1000)	19 848 290	24 383 316	29 067 956	34 837 256	26 484 693	-24
Poland® share in imports IMPORT (%)	2.44	2.67	2.89	3.3	3.03	
FOODSTUFFS	829 516	1 071 717	1 245 517	1 740 938	1 923 871	11
RAW MATERIALS	480 394	483 381	500 878	541 213	360 909	-33
FULES	2 280 747	3 183 945	2 510 372	3 741 519	925 528	-75
Chemical products	848 424	990 446	1 091 226	1 826 525	1 111 266	-39
Semi-finished products	2 572 139	2 988 973	3 819 052	3 950 301	3 247 443	-18
Engineering products	10 679 465	13 034 900	16 194 972	18 685 657	15 187 100	-19
Other products	2 157 606	2 629 955	3 705 938	4 351 103	3 728 577	-14













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WP5.3.Project implementation progress

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Norway is an important trade partner for Poland. its share in Poland export and import equals 1.91% (14th position) and 1.29% (21st position) respectively.

Polands share in Norways import and export equals 2.5% and 1.6% respectively.

Main exports to Norway:

vessels,	intero	perating	transport	devices.	53%
1					

- mechanical and electrical devices . 16.4%,
- □ base metal products . 10.7%,
- □ various products . 3.8%,
- ☐ mineral products . 3.1%.









Main	imports	from	Norway:
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		essels,	intero	perating	trans	port de	evices .	38.4%,
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- ☐ fish 24%,
- □ base metal products . 11.1%,
- □ paper and cardboard . 2.3%,
- □ chemical products 2%.

Preliminary statistics for 2009 reflect the slowdown of export and import. Polands import from Norway decreased considerably (34%). Relatively small drop of exports (11%) was owed to the increase in ship, boat and vessel export. Machine and machinery export decreased but remained important for Polands export.

Wood and chemical sectors as well as the exporters of aluminium, prefabricated homes and electronics were most seriously hit by the economic crisis.





Norway foreign trade turnover in 2009 (by country)

	Impe	ort	Export		
	In million NOK	Share in %	In million NOK	Share in %	
Total	427 944	100,0	755 399	100,0	
Europe	302 939	70.8	625 641	82.8	
Belgium	8 349	2.0	24 293		
Denmark	28 995	6.8	26 088	3.5	
Finland	12 531	2.9	8 871	1.2	
France	15 609	3.6	63 961	8.5	
Ireland	5 417	1.3	7 336	1.0	
Island	1 418	0.3	2 427	0.3	
Italy	13 373	3.1	22 736	3.0	
Netherlands	16 734	3.9	81 428	10.8	
Poland	11 635	2.7	9 675	1.3	
Portugal	1 275	0.3	5 844	0.8	
Russia	6 879	1.6	5 694	0.8	
Spain	5 841	1.4	16 648	2.2	
Great Britain	25 750	6.0	183 023	24.2	
Sweden	59 310	13.9	43 209	5.7	
Germany	54 969	12.8	102 112	13.5	







Polish statistics based on the SAD documents, showing trade turnover between Poland and Norway:

	2006	2007	2008	Dynamics 2007=100	2009	Dynamics 2008=100
Export	2 122.3	2 493,4	2 858.2	115	2 551.0	89
Import	1 663.3	1 773,9	2 812.3	159	1 874.3	66
Turnover	3 785.6	4267.3	5 670.5	133	4 425.3	77
Balance	459.0	719.5	45.9		676.6	









Marchandise turnover in foreign trade with Poland in 2009 (by merachandise group)

	Im	port	Export		
	In million NOK	Share in %	In million NOK	Share in %	
Total	427 944	100,0	755 399	100,0	
Foodstuffs and livestock	26 910	5.3	46 360	4.2	
Beverages and tobacco	4 652	0.9	453	0.1	
Inedible raw materials (excluding fuels)	24 890	7.6	8 300	1.1	
Fuels (including crude oil and natural gas), electric energy etc.	22 052	5.0	491 382	69.1	
Oils , animal and vegetable fats	2 983	0.8	1 269	0.2	
Chemical products	43 337	9.1	37 560	4.6	
Processed goods	64 635	16.3	63 546	9.2	
Machinery , devices and transport equipment	170 567	40.5	85 034	9.1	
Various ready-made goods	67 015	14.4	20 706	2.3	
Goods and transactions not included in the above groups	903	0.2 Towards an integra	789 ated transport system in the	Trans Baltic Baltic Sea Region	





