BATCo

Baltic-Adriatic Transport Cooperation

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The **Baltic-Adriatic Axis** stands for the intermodal corridor (road and rail) which connects the Baltic-Adriatic sea basins and their relevant ports (Trieste, Venice, Ravenna, Koper, Gdansk, Gdynia), with primary hinterland cities between Poland to Italy.

The Baltic- Adriatic Axis is a backbone of the Central European transport network.













12th of October 2006 - Letter of Intent

Ministers of transport from Poland, Czech Republic, Slovakia, Italy and Austria sign a letter of intent for implementation of the Baltic-Adriatic Axis. Topics are the enhanced positioning of the project as well as improved coordination on the project-level.

6th of October 2009 – Declaration of regions

Representatives of 14 regions signed a declaration demanding a "consistent and rapid implementation of the Baltic-Adriatic Corridor between Gdansk and Bologna", motivated by the wish for "Improvement of traffic infrastructure as a prerequisite for the economy as well as traffic safety and the consolidation of the new Europe".



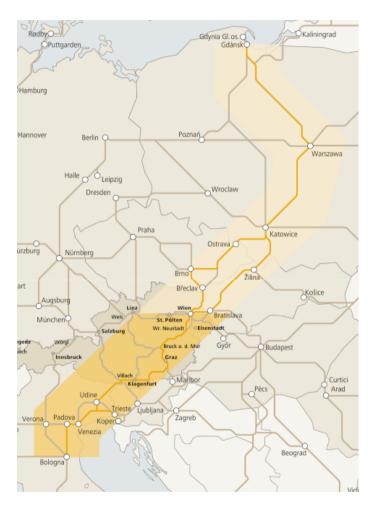




The **Baltic-Adriatic Axis** consisting of

- the Trans-European Networks Transport (TEN-T) railway priority project 23 Gdansk - Warszawa - Katowice -Brno/Zilina - Bratislava/Wien
- and the southern extension
 Wien Graz Klagenfurt/Villach Udine
 Trieste/Venezia Bologna/Ravenna

is one of the most important north-south routes in Europe and the easternmost crossing of the Alps connecting the Baltic Sea with the Adriatic Sea.









The covered geographic region, an important, growing economic engine for Europe, requires significant investments to optimise the transport infrastructure and services in order to:



 offer valid intermodal options for the northsouth links, as well as the radial connections to seaport hinterland-traffic and east-west connections.



 develop commercially viable, environmentally friendly logistics infrastructure and logistics services for goods transport.





Benefits and added value

- The Baltic-Adriatic Axis connects emerging economic areas in three new EU member states to traditionally economical strong regions in Austria and northern Italy.
- A high-performance rail connection from the Baltic to the Adriatic Sea is a necessary precondition for sustainable economic development in the regions along the Baltic-Adriatic Axis.
- By transferring the freight transport flows from road transport to the more environmental friendly rail transport the Baltic-Adriatic Axis provides an important contribution to achieving climate goals as laid down in international agreements ("green transport").











Benefits and added value

Considerable potential in passenger transport

Numerous conurbations and agglomerations are located along the Baltic-Adriatic Axis.

A continuous high-performance rail connection therefore offers enormous potential for the improvement of passenger transport.

In addition, the inhabitants in areas presently poorly served by rail transport will be provided with a massively improved access to the rail system.







Benefits and added value

Reasonable connection of freight traffic by water and rail

A well-developed Baltic-Adriatic Axis offers the landlocked countries in Central Europe rapid connections to the Baltic and Adriatic ports.

Thus when fully completed it represents an exceptional opportunity to reduce the strain on the currently severely stressed north-south connections.









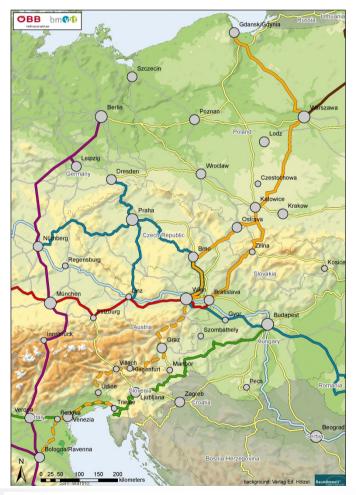


Benefits and added value

Connections with important Trans-European Transport axes

The Baltic-Adriatic Axis crosses numerous major transport axes -

- 7 of the 10 Pan-European corridors and
- 6 of the 30 priority TEN-T axes
- thus allowing efficient transport links to other important European economic regions.



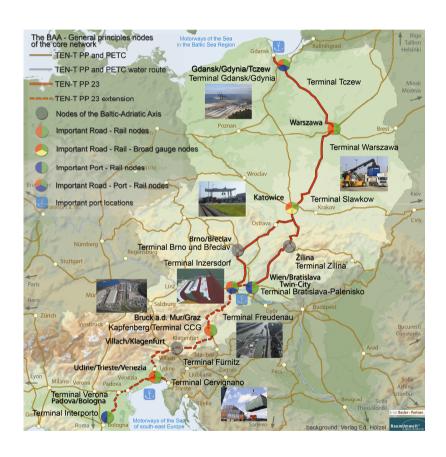






Benefits and added value

Improvement of intermodality and interconnectivity



Several nodes and gateways along the Baltic-Adriatic Axis improve intermodality and interconnectivity in the north-south direction.

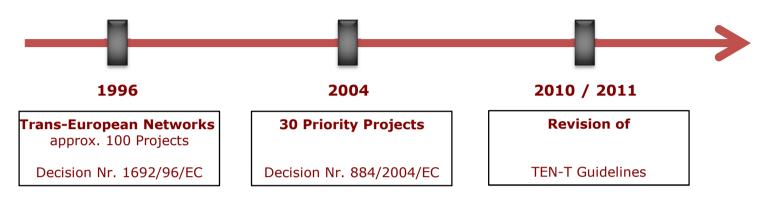
The Baltic-Adriatic Axis connects ports in the north and south, the motorways of the sea, inland waterways and enhances network effects in a number of other transport corridors.

Upgrading the existing rail axis will both enhance economic performance and induce significant shift to rail, supporting efficient co-modal transport chains and de-carbonization.





TEN-T Revision



In **1996** the EU defined Trans-European Networks (TEN) for the advancement of its internal market.

30 priority projects (PP) have been designated in **2004**.

2010/2011: The European Union is currently revising the Trans-European Transport-Network (TEN-T):

The "Comprehensive Network" of rail, road, inland waterways, ports and airports will be overlaid by a "Core Network", the top layer of the TEN-T, to succeed the existing TEN-T priority projects (PP).

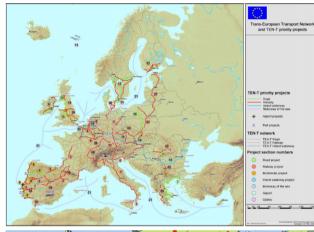


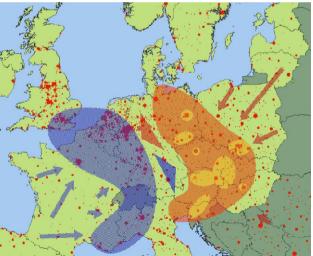


TEN-T Revision

The TEN-T pursues a wide range of goals, especially those of efficiency and sustainability:

- Supporting territorial, economic and social cohesion of the Member States, in particular connecting "old" and "new" ones
- Enhancing the internal market and global competiveness of the EU Member States
- Supporting sustainability of transport of passengers and freight









TEN-T Revision

The **Core network** will consist of following elements:

- Nodes, providing connections within the different modes and intermodal interfaces
- High-performance links between the nodes, according to the objectives of EU transport and general policy fields.
- Linkages to third countries and the rest of the world (land-bound, ports and airports)

For the node and network design, the European Commission focuses on general principles like multimodality, interconnectivity and network optimization, interoperability and improved efficiency of all modes of transport.





TEN-T Revision

The Baltic-Adriatic Axis fulfills the requirements of the European Commission for nodes and lines, being an ideal future element of the Core Network:

- connecting Regions within the EU with high economic potential and approximately 40 million inhabitants
- giving EU regions room to realize their economic potential in the world market
- supporting internal markets, international trade and enhances the global competitiveness of the European Union.
- Reducing climate relevant gas emissions (de-Carboniziation and CO₂₋ Reduction) owing to future characteristics of this axis (modal shift)
- The Baltic-Adriatic Axis is a high-performing North-South connection interlinking the right nodes in 19 regions of 5 Member States.



In order to support the further development of the Baltic-Adriatic Axis, a selection of institutions along this intermodal corridor have come together in a dedicated support project: the Baltic-Adriatic Transport Cooperation (BATCo).

These 18 national and regional partners from 5
European countries (Austria, Czech Republic, Italy,
Poland and Slovakia), seek to develop a variety of
technical, environmental and economic
interventions which will facilitate the development of
the Baltic-Adriatic Axis from now through 2013.













Facts & Figures



Duration: 36 months

March 2010 – February 2013

Total budget: € 3.723.373,98

ERDF

contribution: € 2.902.134,40

18 Partners from 5 EU countries





Partnership

AUSTRIA

Lead Partner:

Regional Government of Carinthia – Department for Infrastructure & Economic Law

- Development Agency Carinthia
- Internationalisierungscenter
 Steiermark
- Regional Government of Styria -Department FA18A Transport planning
- Federal Ministry for Transport, Innovation and Technology

ITALY

- Institute for Transport and Logistics Foundation
- Aries Special Agency of the Chamber of Commerce of Trieste
- Union of Veneto Chambers of Commerce

- Port Authority of Trieste
- Ministry for the Environment, Land and Sea
- Regione Autonoma Friuli-Venezia Giulia

POLAND

- Regional Development Agency SA
- Upper Silesian Agency for Enterprises Reconstructing CO.
- Port of Gdańsk Authority
- Maritime Institute in Gdańsk
- Central Mining Institute

CZECH REPUBLIC

 The Union for the Development of the Moravian-Silesian Region

SLOVAK REPUBLIC

Transport Research Institute





Objectives

The main objective is the sustainable and harmonised advancement of the Baltic-Adriatic Axis and its competitiveness.

As accessibility is a precondition for economic development and growth, the objectives are

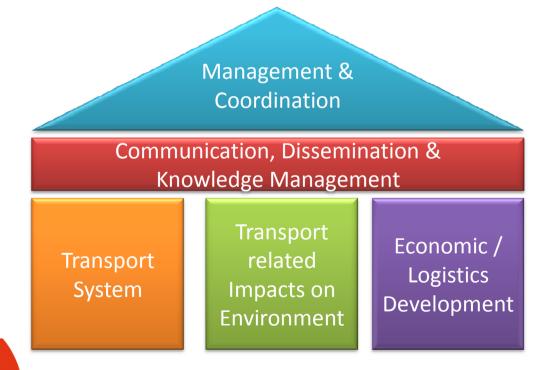
- to up-grade intermodal transport connections particularly accelerating the implementation of high capacity railway connections along the axis ("green transports")
- to protect the environment via the reduction of negative transport related effects and
- to secure employment via the strengthening of the economy.





Objectives

The Baltic-Adriatic Transport Cooperation is based on 3 thematic pillars and therefore foresees numerous activities and measures in regard to **technical**, **environmental** and **economic aspects** which are intrinsically tied to the development of the Baltic-Adriatic Axis.









Objectives

Transport system

planning tools in regard to the transport system along the Baltic-Adriatic Axis, including the elaboration of a harmonised up-to-date transport related databasis (e.g. axis-wide transport model, identification of green potentials, green transport decision support model) in order to provide a holistic decision making basis for target groups involved, aiming at the acceleration of investments in transport related infrastructure and services under the consideration of transnational aspects.











Objectives

Transport related impacts on environment

Identification of **reduction potentials of negative effects on the environment** (incl. axis-wide
transport impact model, identification of environmental
protection and safety potentials, decision support
model) caused by passenger and freight transport
along the Baltic-Adriatic Axis as well as the related
costs in regard to Air Pollution (CO2, PM10, NOx, HC),
Noise Pollution and Traffic Safety (accident rates,
insurance rates etc.) in order to initiate and accelerate
necessary implementations based on created
awareness on reduction potentials.











Objectives

Economic / Logistics Development

Stimulation and development of economic activities by supporting end users (logistics centres, SMEs etc.) along the Baltic-Adriatic Axis.

In this regard BATCo will contribute to the economic development, by the:

- Strengthening of intermodal logistics solutions and business models to support their use by SMEs.
- Creation of transnational business cooperation nodes, which support local organisations in business networking across the larger corridor's geographical area in the development of new services, experts and products.





Letter of Support (LoS)

Support for the Baltic-Adriatic Axis is of high importance to demonstrate the strong solidarity and commitment of stakeholders along the Baltic-Adriatic Axis towards the European Commission and the European Parliament.

Therefore BATCo has initiated the collection of Letters of Support which should be signed by

- Enterprises
- Institutions
- Organisations
- Associations

from both, the public and the private sector.









CONTACTS





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BALTIC-ADRIATIC AXIS
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